

understanding business 10th edition nickels test bank PDF

Understanding Business 10th Edition Nickels Test Bank: A Comprehensive Guide

In the realm of business education, staying ahead requires more than just textbooks; it involves utilizing reliable supplementary resources that enhance learning and assessment. One such invaluable resource is the **Business 10th Edition Nickels Test Bank**. Designed to complement the core textbook, this test bank provides instructors and students with a wide array of assessment tools that facilitate understanding, retention, and evaluation of essential business concepts. This article delves into the intricacies of the Nickels Test Bank, its significance, features, and how it can be effectively utilized to maximize learning outcomes.

What Is the Business 10th Edition Nickels Test Bank?

Definition and Purpose

The **Nickels Test Bank** for the *Business 10th Edition* is a collection of ready-made questions, quizzes, and exam materials aligned with the chapters of the textbook authored by Stephen P. Robbins, David A. Decenzo, and Mary Coulter. Its primary purpose is to aid instructors in creating assessments that accurately gauge students' comprehension of key business concepts, theories, and applications covered in the textbook.

Target Audience

- Business educators and professors seeking comprehensive assessment tools
- Students preparing for exams and understanding core principles
- Academic institutions aiming to streamline evaluation processes

Importance of Using a Test Bank in Business Education

Enhancing Teaching Efficiency

Test banks like Nickels? streamline the process of exam creation, saving educators valuable time. They provide a variety of question formats including multiple-choice, true/false, short answer, and essay questions, making it easier to create diverse assessments that cater to different learning

styles.

Improving Student Performance

Access to a comprehensive test bank allows students to practice with questions similar to those they will encounter in actual exams. This practice enhances their understanding, retention, and confidence, leading to better academic performance.

Ensuring Content Alignment

The questions in the test bank are meticulously aligned with the textbook chapters, ensuring that assessments accurately reflect the material covered. This alignment helps maintain curriculum integrity and ensures fair evaluation standards.

Features of the Business 10th Edition Nickels Test Bank

Extensive Question Database

The test bank contains hundreds of questions across all chapters, covering topics such as marketing, management, finance, economics, entrepreneurship, and business ethics. This extensive database supports varied assessment needs.

Variety of Question Types

- Multiple-choice questions for quick assessments
- True/False questions for basic comprehension checks
- Short answer questions for critical thinking
- Essay questions for in-depth analysis

Customization and Flexibility

Instructors can customize existing questions or create new ones based on their specific teaching goals. The test bank often allows for editing, rearranging, and selecting questions to tailor assessments to class needs.

Digital Accessibility

Many versions of the Nickels Test Bank are available in digital formats compatible with Learning Management Systems (LMS) like Blackboard, Canvas, or Moodle. This facilitates seamless integration into online courses and remote assessments.

How to Access and Use the Nickels Test Bank

Acquisition Methods

- Purchase through official publishers or online bookstores
- Access via institutional subscriptions or course packages
- Download from authorized educational resource platforms

Implementing the Test Bank in Your Course

Once acquired, instructors can utilize the test bank by following these steps:

- Review the question bank thoroughly to understand available content
- Select questions relevant to the lesson or chapter
- Customize questions if necessary to fit the specific focus of the class
- Assemble quizzes, mid-term exams, or final assessments using the selected questions
- Distribute assessments via LMS or traditional paper-based methods

Best Practices for Effective Use

- Combine questions from the test bank with original or open-ended questions for diversity
- Use question pools to generate randomized exams, reducing cheating risks
- Align questions with learning objectives to ensure targeted assessment
- Regularly update assessments based on course progress and student feedback

Benefits of Using a Test Bank Like Nickels in Business Education

Consistency and Standardization

Having a standardized set of questions ensures consistency in evaluation across different classes and semesters, maintaining academic integrity and fairness.

Enhanced Learning Outcomes

Frequent testing with well-designed questions reinforces learning, helps identify areas of weakness, and guides students toward better understanding of business principles.

Time-Saving for Educators

Preparing assessments can be time-consuming; a ready-made test bank accelerates this process, allowing educators to focus more on teaching and student engagement.

Facilitates Data-Driven Improvements

Analyzing student responses to test bank questions helps educators identify which topics require further clarification or reteaching, leading to continuous course improvement.

Challenges and Considerations When Using the Nickels Test Bank

Ensuring Quality and Relevance

- Verify that questions are up-to-date and aligned with current business practices
- Avoid over-reliance on multiple-choice questions; incorporate varied formats for comprehensive assessment

Maintaining Academic Integrity

- Use question pools and randomized exams to reduce cheating
- Combine test bank questions with subjective assessments and class participation

Cost and Accessibility

Some test banks may involve additional costs or subscription fees. Ensure that institutional access or individual licenses are obtained legally and ethically.

Conclusion

The **Business 10th Edition Nickels Test Bank** is an essential resource for business educators and students aiming to elevate their learning and assessment experience. Its comprehensive question database, variety of question types, and digital compatibility make it an invaluable tool for creating effective, efficient, and fair assessments aligned with current business curricula. When used thoughtfully and strategically, the test bank not only streamlines the evaluation process but also enhances student understanding, retention, and success in business studies. Embracing such resources is a step toward more engaging, standardized, and impactful business education.

Understanding Business 10th Edition Nickels Test Bank: An In-Depth Review

In the realm of business education, textbooks serve as foundational tools that shape students'

understanding of complex concepts, theories, and real-world applications. Among these, the Business 10th Edition by Nickels has garnered significant attention, especially due to its comprehensive approach to teaching business principles. Central to supplementing this textbook is the Nickels Test Bank, an auxiliary resource designed to enhance learning and assessment. This article aims to provide an exhaustive exploration of the business 10th edition Nickels test bank, its features, benefits, potential challenges, and best practices for utilization.

What Is the Business 10th Edition Nickels Test Bank?

The Nickels Test Bank is a digital or printed repository of examination questions, quizzes, and assessment tools aligned specifically with the Business 10th Edition. Created by the publisher or authorized educators, it serves as a supplementary resource to facilitate instructors in evaluating student comprehension, as well as offering students practice opportunities.

Key Features of the Test Bank:

- Extensive question bank covering all chapters and topics
- Multiple-choice, true/false, short answer, and essay questions
- Updated to reflect the latest edition's content
- Aligned with learning objectives and chapter goals
- Incorporates different difficulty levels to challenge students appropriately

Purpose and Benefits of the Test Bank

The primary goal of the Nickels Test Bank is to support effective teaching and learning in business courses. Its benefits include:

For Educators

- Time-saving Assessment Creation: Teachers can quickly assemble quizzes and exams without creating questions from scratch.
- Consistency in Evaluation: Ensures standardized assessment aligned with textbook content.
- Variety of Question Types: Facilitates diverse evaluation methods, catering to different learning styles.
- Item Analysis: Helps identify areas where students struggle by analyzing question performance.

For Students

- Practice and Reinforcement: Provides additional opportunities to practice concepts outside of class.
- Preparation for Exams: Familiarizes students with question formats and difficulty levels.
- Self-assessment: Enables students to identify strengths and weaknesses in their understanding.

Structure and Content of the Test Bank

The Nickels Test Bank is systematically organized to correspond with the textbook's chapters and sections. Typically, it includes:

- Chapter-wise Question Sets: Each chapter contains a set of questions directly related to its content.
- Learning Objectives Alignment: Questions are mapped to specific objectives to reinforce targeted learning.
- Progressive Difficulty: Questions increase in complexity to challenge students and deepen understanding.
- Answer Keys and Rationales: Detailed explanations for correct answers aid in learning.

Sample Content Breakdown:

- Introduction to Business
 - Basic concepts and definitions
 - Historical evolution
- Business Environment and Economics
 - Market forces
 - Globalization impacts
- Entrepreneurship and Small Business
 - Startup processes
 - Funding sources

- Management and Leadership

- Organizational structures
- Leadership styles

- Marketing Principles

- Market research
- Promotion strategies

- Accounting and Finance

- Financial statements
- Budgeting techniques

- Human Resources

- Recruitment and retention
- Employment law

- Business Ethics and Social Responsibility

- Ethical dilemmas
- Corporate social responsibility

This structure ensures comprehensive coverage and allows instructors to tailor assessments to specific learning outcomes.

Accessing and Utilizing the Test Bank

How to Obtain the Test Bank

Access to the Nickels Test Bank typically involves:

- Purchasing via the publisher's website or authorized distributors
- Access codes included with new textbook purchases
- Subscription-based models for ongoing access
- Institutional licensing for schools and colleges

Best Practices for Use

- **Align Questions with Course Objectives:** Select questions that match the specific learning goals.
- **Mix Question Types:** Incorporate multiple-choice, true/false, and essay questions to assess various skills.
- **Modify and Customize:** Adapt questions to suit your teaching style or current events.
- **Use for Formative and Summative Assessment:** Employ the test bank for quizzes, midterms, or final exams.
- **Provide Feedback:** Use answer keys and rationales to explain correct answers and promote learning.

Tips for Effective Implementation

- **Preview the Questions:** Review all questions beforehand to ensure relevance and appropriateness.
- **Balance Difficulty Levels:** Mix easier questions for confidence-building and challenging ones to assess mastery.
- **Randomize Questions:** To reduce cheating, randomize question order and answer choices when possible.
- **Incorporate Real-World Scenarios:** Supplement bank questions with case studies or current events for practical relevance.

Potential Challenges and Considerations

While the Nickels Test Bank offers numerous advantages, educators and students should be aware of potential issues:

- **Over-reliance on Question Banks:** Excessive dependence may hinder creative assessment design.
- **Question Quality Variability:** Some questions may be outdated or ambiguous; reviewing is

essential.

- Alignment with Learning Outcomes: Not all questions may perfectly match course-specific objectives.
- Cost and Accessibility: Subscription fees or licensing restrictions could limit access for some institutions.
- Academic Integrity Concerns: Sharing test bank questions outside authorized channels can compromise assessment integrity.

Mitigation Strategies:

- Regularly review and update questions.
- Combine test bank questions with original or customized items.
- Use question banks as a supplement rather than the sole assessment tool.
- Establish clear policies on access and sharing.

Conclusion: The Value of the Business 10th Edition Nickels Test Bank

The business 10th edition Nickels test bank is a valuable asset for both educators and students engaged in business courses. Its comprehensive, structured approach to assessment supports effective teaching strategies and enhances student learning outcomes. When used thoughtfully and supplemented with customized content, it can streamline evaluation processes, reinforce key concepts, and prepare students effectively for real-world business challenges.

However, to maximize its benefits, users must remain critical and proactive?review questions for relevance, adapt content to specific instructional needs, and maintain academic integrity. As with any educational resource, the test bank should serve as a tool within a broader pedagogical framework aimed at fostering critical thinking, application, and lifelong learning in the dynamic field of business.

In summary, understanding the business 10th edition Nickels test bank involves recognizing its structure, purpose, and strategic application. For institutions seeking to enhance their assessment repertoire, it offers a well-aligned, efficient, and versatile resource that, when used appropriately, significantly enriches the educational experience.

QuestionAnswer What topics are covered in the 'Understanding Business 10th Edition' Nickels Test Bank? The test bank covers a wide range of topics including business fundamentals, management, marketing, finance, economics, ethics, and entrepreneurship to support comprehensive exam preparation. How can the Nickels Test Bank for 'Understanding Business 10th Edition' enhance student learning? It provides a variety of practice questions, quizzes, and test

scenarios that help students assess their understanding, identify weak areas, and prepare effectively for exams. Is the 'Understanding Business 10th Edition' Nickels Test Bank available in digital format? Yes, the test bank is typically provided in digital formats such as downloadable PDFs or online platforms, making it easily accessible for students and instructors. Can instructors customize the questions in the Nickels Test Bank for 'Understanding Business 10th Edition'? Many versions of the test bank allow instructors to customize or select specific questions to tailor assessments according to their course focus and learning objectives. Why is using the Nickels Test Bank important for students studying 'Understanding Business 10th Edition'? Using the test bank helps students reinforce key concepts, improve test-taking skills, and gauge their readiness for exams, ultimately enhancing their overall understanding of business principles.

Related keywords: business textbook, Nickels test bank, 10th edition, business principles, exam questions, sample tests, educational resources, chapter quizzes, student study aid, business terminology

Bank Reconciliation Statement With Question And Solution

Bank Reconciliation Statement with Question and Solution

A bank reconciliation statement is an essential financial document that helps businesses and individuals ensure that their accounting records align with the bank's records. It involves comparing the company's cash book with the bank statement to identify any discrepancies, errors, or omissions. This process is crucial for maintaining accurate financial records, detecting fraud, and ensuring the correctness of cash balances. In this article, we will explore what a bank reconciliation statement is, why it is important, and provide a comprehensive example with questions and solutions to clarify the process.

Understanding Bank Reconciliation Statement

What is a Bank Reconciliation Statement?

A bank reconciliation statement is a report prepared to match the company's cash book balance with the bank statement balance. It identifies differences between the two records and explains the reasons for these differences, such as outstanding checks, deposits in transit, bank charges, or errors.

Why is Bank Reconciliation Important?

The significance of preparing a bank reconciliation statement includes:

- Ensuring accuracy of cash balances
- Detecting errors or fraudulent activities
- Facilitating proper financial reporting
- Maintaining good financial control
- Complying with auditing standards

Components of a Bank Reconciliation Statement

A typical bank reconciliation statement contains:

- Bank statement balance
- Cash book balance
- Adjustments for outstanding checks
- Adjustments for deposits in transit
- Bank charges and interest
- Errors identified in either record

Steps to Prepare a Bank Reconciliation Statement

Preparing a bank reconciliation involves systematic steps:

- Obtain the latest bank statement and cash book
- Compare the bank statement with the cash book
- Identify and record outstanding checks and deposits in transit
- Adjust for bank charges, interest, or errors
- Calculate the adjusted balances
- Ensure both adjusted balances agree

Sample Question and Solution

Scenario:

XYZ Ltd. has provided the following details for their bank reconciliation as of March 31, 2024:

- Bank statement balance on March 31, 2024: Rs. 50,000

- Cash book balance on March 31, 2024: Rs. 48,500
- Outstanding checks: Rs. 4,000
- Deposits in transit: Rs. 2,500
- Bank charges for March: Rs. 200
- Interest credited by bank: Rs. 150
- Bank error: Rs. 300 (bank recorded a deposit of Rs. 1,000 instead of Rs. 1,300)

Question:

Prepare the bank reconciliation statement and determine the correct cash book balance.

Solution:

Step 1: Start with the bank statement balance

Bank statement balance: Rs. 50,000

Step 2: Adjust for deposits in transit

Deposits in transit: Rs. 2,500

These are already included in the bank statement but not reflected in the cash book.

Step 3: Adjust for outstanding checks

Outstanding checks: Rs. 4,000

These are recorded in the cash book but not yet cleared by the bank.

Step 4: Adjust for bank errors

Bank error: Rs. 300 (the bank understated a deposit by Rs. 300)

Step 5: Calculate the adjusted bank balance

Adjusted bank balance = Bank statement balance + Deposits in transit - Outstanding checks ± Bank errors

Adjusted bank balance = Rs. 50,000 + Rs. 2,500 - Rs. 4,000 + Rs. 300

= Rs. 50,000 + 2,500 - 4,000 + 300

= Rs. 48,800

Step 6: Adjust the cash book balance

Cash book balance: Rs. 48,500

Adjustments:

- Subtract bank charges: Rs. 200
- Add interest credited by bank: Rs. 150

Adjusted cash book balance = Rs. 48,500 - Rs. 200 + Rs. 150

= Rs. 48,450

Step 7: Reconciliation

Since the adjusted balances are Rs. 48,800 (bank) and Rs. 48,450 (cash book), they do not match. The difference is Rs. 350.

Step 8: Explanation of the discrepancy

The Rs. 350 difference might be due to unrecorded bank charges, errors, or timing differences. To reconcile, the company should verify:

- Whether any unrecorded bank charges or credits exist
- Any errors in recording transactions

Final step:

The company records the necessary adjustments in the cash book to match the bank statement, ensuring both balances agree.

Conclusion

A bank reconciliation statement is a vital tool for maintaining accurate financial records. It helps detect errors, prevent fraud, and ensure the correctness of cash balances. By following systematic steps and understanding common adjustments like outstanding checks, deposits in transit, bank charges, and errors, businesses can effectively reconcile their bank and cash book records. Regular

reconciliation not only enhances financial control but also builds trust with stakeholders and auditors. The example provided demonstrates how to approach a typical bank reconciliation with practical questions and solutions, equipping users with the skills to perform their own reconciliations confidently.

Bank Reconciliation Statement with Question and Solution: An In-Depth Analytical Review

Introduction

In the realm of financial management, accuracy, transparency, and consistency are paramount. One of the essential tools to ensure these qualities in an organization's financial records is the bank reconciliation statement. This document acts as a bridge, aligning the company's cash book with the bank statement, thereby uncovering discrepancies, preventing fraud, and maintaining reliable financial data. Despite its importance, many practitioners encounter challenges in preparing and understanding bank reconciliation statements. This article offers an investigative analysis into the concept of bank reconciliation statements, providing detailed explanations, common issues, illustrative questions, and their solutions aimed at enhancing comprehension and application.

Understanding the Bank Reconciliation Statement

What Is a Bank Reconciliation Statement?

A bank reconciliation statement is a financial document prepared periodically—monthly or quarterly—that compares the company's internal cash records (cash book) with the bank's records (bank statement). The primary purpose is to identify discrepancies caused by timing differences, errors, or fraudulent activities, and to adjust the company's books accordingly.

Why Is It Important?

- Detects Errors: Identifies errors made by the bank or the company.
- Prevents Fraud: Helps catch unauthorized transactions.
- Ensures Accurate Financial Reporting: Provides reliable cash balances.
- Maintains Control: Assists in managing cash flows effectively.

Fundamental Components of Bank Reconciliation

Before delving into the process, understanding the core components involved is crucial.

- Cash Book Balance: The company's recorded cash balance.

- Bank Statement Balance: The bank's recorded balance.
- Adjustments: Items that cause differences such as deposits in transit, outstanding checks, bank charges, or errors.

The Process of Reconciling

The general steps include:

- Comparing the cash book and bank statement balances.
- Identifying timing differences and errors.
- Making necessary adjustments to either record.
- Preparing the reconciliation statement to reflect the true cash position.

Common Discrepancies and Their Causes

Discrepancies between the cash book and bank statement can arise from various reasons:

Discrepancy Type Typical Causes	
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Timing Differences	Deposits in transit, outstanding checks
Errors in Recording	Mistakes in recording amounts, double entries
Bank Charges	Service charges, interest deductions
Unauthorized Transactions	Fraudulent withdrawals or deposits
Errors in Bank Records	Bank's recording mistakes

Investigative Approach: Question and Solution

To illustrate the process, consider the following common problem encountered during bank reconciliation.

Sample Question

Question:

XYZ Ltd. has the following details for the month of March 2024:

- Cash book balance (as per company records): ?1,20,000
- Bank statement balance (as per bank's records): ?1,15,000
- The following reconciling items were identified:
 - Deposit of ?5,000 made on March 30th, recorded in the cash book but not yet reflected in the bank statement.
 - Outstanding checks totaling ?8,000 issued but not yet cleared by the bank.
 - Bank charges of ?200 debited in the bank statement but not yet recorded in the cash book.
 - A cheque of ?2,000 deposited directly into the bank account (not recorded in the cash book).
 - A bank error: a deposit of ?1,000 was wrongly recorded as ?100 by the bank.

Required:

Prepare the bank reconciliation statement for March 2024.

Step-by-Step Solution

Step 1: Start with the balances

- Cash book balance: ?1,20,000
- Bank statement balance: ?1,15,000

Step 2: Adjust the bank statement balance

a. Add deposits in transit:

Deposit made on March 30th of ?5,000 not yet reflected in bank statement.

Adjusted balance: $?1,15,000 + ?5,000 = ?1,20,000$

b. Deduct outstanding checks:

Outstanding checks totaling ?8,000.

Adjusted balance: $?1,20,000 - ?8,000 = ?1,12,000$

c. Correct bank error:

Bank wrongly recorded a deposit of \$1,000 as \$100.

Difference: $\$1,000 - \$100 = \$900$ (bank under-recorded deposit).

Adjusted bank balance: $\$1,12,000 + \$900 = \$1,12,900$

Step 3: Adjust the cash book balance

a. Record bank charges:

Bank charges of \$200 deducted by the bank but not yet recorded in cash book.

Adjusted cash book balance: $\$1,20,000 - \$200 = \$1,19,800$

b. Record direct deposit:

A deposit of \$2,000 directly into the bank account (not recorded in cash book).

Adjusted cash book balance: $\$1,19,800 + \$2,000 = \$1,21,800$

Step 4: Final comparison

- Adjusted bank statement balance: \$1,12,900
- Adjusted cash book balance: \$1,21,800

Difference: $\$1,21,800 - \$1,12,900 = \$8,900$

This discrepancy indicates some unresolved items, and further investigation is necessary.

Step 5: Analyze and reconcile remaining differences

The remaining difference of \$8,900 suggests additional unrecorded items or errors. Since we have already accounted for the known items, possible causes include:

- Unrecorded bank errors
- Outstanding checks not yet cleared
- Unpresented deposits

Given the information, the main unresolved item is the difference caused by timing and possible errors.

Final Reconciliation Statement

Particulars	Dr. (?)	Cr. (?)
Balance as per cash book	1,20,000	
Add: Direct deposit not recorded in cash book	2,000	
Less: Bank charges not recorded in cash book		200
Adjusted cash book balance	1,21,800	
Balance as per bank statement (after adjustments)		1,12,900
Add: Deposit in transit (not reflected in bank statement)		5,000
Less: Outstanding checks		8,000
Add: Bank error correction (deposit recorded wrongly)		900
Adjusted bank statement balance		1,12,900

Note: The remaining difference of ?8,900 suggests further scrutiny or unrecorded items, but based on available data, the reconciliation aligns with the known adjustments.

Critical Analysis and Implications

The above example underscores the importance of meticulous record-keeping and timely updates. It highlights how small errors or omissions can cause significant discrepancies, potentially leading to misstatements or fraud if left uncorrected.

Common Challenges in Bank Reconciliation

- Timing issues: Deposits or checks recorded in one record but not yet reflected in the other.
- Errors: Mistakes in recording amounts or in bank processing.

- Fraudulent activities: Unauthorized transactions that can be disguised within discrepancies.
- Unclear documentation: Lack of supporting evidence for transactions.

Best Practices for Effective Reconciliation

- Regular reconciliation: Monthly or even weekly to catch issues early.
- Detailed record-keeping: Maintain supporting documents for all transactions.
- Clear procedures: Establish standardized steps for reconciliation.
- Automation tools: Use accounting software to automate parts of the process.
- Audit trail: Keep records of adjustments for future audits.

Conclusion

The bank reconciliation statement is a vital component of financial oversight that ensures the accuracy and integrity of an organization's cash records. While the process may appear straightforward, it demands careful attention to detail, comprehensive understanding of potential discrepancies, and diligent investigation. The illustrative question and solution provided demonstrate not only how to prepare a reconciliation but also how to interpret and resolve common issues. Organizations that prioritize regular reconciliation and adopt best practices stand to benefit from stronger financial controls, enhanced transparency, and reduced risk of fraud.

Final Thoughts

Understanding the nuances of bank reconciliation statements equips finance professionals, auditors, and business owners with a critical tool for safeguarding assets and ensuring reliable reporting. As financial environments grow more complex, mastery over reconciling techniques becomes even more essential, emphasizing the need for ongoing education and process refinement.

Question What is a bank reconciliation statement and why is it important? A bank reconciliation statement is a document that compares the company's cash account with the bank's record to identify discrepancies. It is important because it helps ensure the accuracy of financial records, detect errors or fraud, and maintain reliable cash balances. What are common reasons for discrepancies in bank reconciliation statements? Common reasons include outstanding checks, deposits in transit, bank errors, recording errors in the company's books, and timing differences between bank and company records. How do you prepare a bank reconciliation statement? To prepare a bank reconciliation, start with the bank statement balance, add deposits in transit, deduct outstanding checks, and adjust for bank errors. Then, compare this adjusted balance with the company's ledger balance, making necessary adjustments for errors or unrecorded transactions to reconcile both records. What is an example of a common adjustment in a bank reconciliation statement? A common adjustment is recording bank charges or interest earned that the company

has not yet recorded in its books. For example, if the bank statement shows a service fee, the company needs to record this expense to reconcile the balances. How often should a business perform a bank reconciliation? It is recommended to perform a bank reconciliation at least monthly to ensure timely detection of errors, prevent fraud, and maintain accurate financial records.

Related keywords: bank reconciliation, bank statement, outstanding checks, deposits in transit, bank errors, cash book, reconciling items, bank balance, ledger account, reconciliation process

Read the full article online: [BANK RECONCILIATION STATEMENT WITH QUESTION AND SOLUTION](#)