

short sermon outlines PDF

short sermon outlines are essential tools for pastors, church leaders, and anyone involved in delivering sermons. Whether you're preparing a message for a Sunday service, a special event, or a Bible study, having a clear and concise outline can make your delivery more effective, organized, and impactful. In this comprehensive guide, we will explore the importance of short sermon outlines, how to create them, and provide practical examples to help you craft sermons that resonate with your congregation.

Understanding the Importance of Short Sermon Outlines

Why Use Sermon Outlines?

Sermon outlines serve as roadmaps for delivering a message. They help:

- Maintain focus and clarity during delivery
- Ensure the message stays aligned with biblical principles
- Manage time effectively
- Reduce anxiety by providing structure
- Enable easy adaptation for different audiences or occasions

Short sermon outlines are particularly valuable because they keep the message concise while still delivering spiritual depth. They are ideal for busy schedules, short services, or when the goal is to deliver a powerful, memorable message without overloading the congregation.

The Benefits of Short Sermon Outlines

Some key advantages include:

- Clarity: Simplifies complex biblical truths into digestible points
- Memorability: Shorter messages are easier for the congregation to remember
- Flexibility: Easier to adapt or expand based on context
- Engagement: Keeps listeners attentive with focused content
- Preparation: Facilitates quicker planning and rehearsal

How to Create Effective Short Sermon Outlines

Creating a compelling short sermon outline involves a combination of biblical study, clarity of message, and structured delivery. Here's a step-by-step guide:

1. Choose a Clear Central Theme

Begin with a specific Bible verse or story that encapsulates the core message. Your theme should be concise and relevant to your audience's needs.

2. Identify Key Points

Break down the message into 3-4 main points. Each should support the central theme and be backed by Scripture.

3. Incorporate Supporting Scripture and Illustrations

Use relevant Bible passages, stories, or personal anecdotes to reinforce each point.

4. Keep It Concise

Limit each point to a few sentences or bullet points. Focus on clarity and impact.

5. End with a Call to Action or Reflection

Conclude with a practical application or a thought-provoking question to encourage response.

Sample Structure of a Short Sermon Outline

- Introduction: Briefly introduce the theme
- Point 1: Main idea with supporting Scripture
- Point 2: Supporting idea with Scripture
- Point 3: Application or challenge
- Conclusion: Summarize and inspire action

Examples of Short Sermon Outlines

To illustrate, here are a few sample outlines on common themes:

Example 1: Trusting God in Difficult Times

- Introduction: Life's challenges can shake our faith, but Scripture encourages us to trust God fully.

- Point 1: God's Promises Are True

Scripture: Isaiah 41:10

Message: God's promises provide strength and courage.

- Point 2: We Are Not Alone

Scripture: Deuteronomy 31:6

Message: God is always with us, even in trials.

- Point 3: Our Response? Faith and Prayer

Application: Trust God, pray earnestly, and rely on His faithfulness.

- Conclusion: Encourage the congregation to trust God anew, regardless of life's storms.

Example 2: The Power of Forgiveness

- Introduction: Forgiveness liberates both the forgiver and the forgiven.

- Point 1: Forgiveness Reflects God's Nature

Scripture: 1 John 4:8

Message: God is love, and forgiveness is an expression of that love.

- Point 2: Forgiveness Brings Healing

Scripture: Matthew 6:14-15

Message: Forgiving others frees us from bitterness.

- Point 3: Forgiveness is a Choice

Application: Choose to forgive, just as Christ forgave us.

- Conclusion: Challenge the congregation to extend forgiveness today.

Additional Tips for Effective Short Sermon Outlines

- Use Simple Language: Avoid jargon or overly complex sentences.
- Be Biblically Grounded: Ensure each point is supported by Scripture.
- Practice Delivery: Rehearse to maintain timing and clarity.
- Engage the Audience: Incorporate questions or brief pauses for reflection.
- Adapt as Needed: Be flexible to adjust points based on the Holy Spirit's guidance.

Resources for Developing Short Sermon Outlines

- Bible Commentaries: Provide context and insights on passages.
- Sermon Planning Software: Tools like Logos or Sermonary can streamline preparation.
- Devotional Books and Resources: Offer inspiration and thematic ideas.
- Pastoral Networks and Workshops: Share best practices and receive feedback.

Conclusion

Short sermon outlines are invaluable in equipping preachers to deliver concise, impactful messages rooted in biblical truth. They enable clarity, facilitate engagement, and help convey spiritual principles effectively. Whether you're preparing for a short service or seeking a quick devotional message, mastering the art of crafting short sermon outlines can significantly enhance your ministry. Remember to keep your focus biblical, your points clear, and your application practical. With consistent practice and reliance on the Holy Spirit, your sermons will inspire and transform your listeners, making every word count.

If you're looking to grow in your sermon preparation, consider regularly practicing outline creation, studying exemplary sermons, and seeking feedback from trusted mentors. Over time, you'll develop a repertoire of powerful, short sermon outlines that can be adapted to various settings, ensuring your message always points others toward Christ.

Short sermon outlines are invaluable tools for pastors, teachers, and ministry leaders seeking to deliver impactful messages efficiently. Whether you're preparing for a last-minute opportunity,

leading a small group, or crafting a concise sermon for a specific occasion, having well-structured short sermon outlines can help you communicate biblical truths clearly and effectively. These outlines serve as frameworks that guide your message, ensuring that even in limited time, your congregation receives a meaningful and memorable Word from God. In this guide, we'll explore the importance of short sermon outlines, how to craft them, and practical tips for maximizing their effectiveness.

Why Use Short Sermon Outlines?

Before diving into the how-to, it's essential to understand why short sermon outlines are a vital resource for any preacher or speaker.

- **Clarity and Focus:** They help distill the core message, eliminating unnecessary tangents.
- **Time Management:** Perfect for situations where time is limited, such as midweek services or special events.
- **Preparation Efficiency:** Provide a quick yet comprehensive roadmap to preach confidently.
- **Memorability:** Concise outlines aid in memorization, ensuring the message stays with the congregation.
- **Versatility:** Can be adapted for various contexts, including youth meetings, outreach events, or personal devotions.

The Structure of an Effective Short Sermon Outline

A well-crafted short sermon outline typically includes three main components:

- Introduction
- Body (Main Points)
- Conclusion

Let's examine each component in detail and explore how to develop them effectively.

Crafting the Introduction

The introduction sets the tone and captures attention. In a short sermon, it must be impactful yet concise.

Key elements:

- Hook: A compelling question, story, or scripture to engage listeners.
- Context: Briefly explain why this message is relevant today.
- Thesis Statement: Clearly state the main idea or focus of the sermon.

Sample approach:

- Start with a relatable story or current event.
- Pose a thought-provoking question related to the Scripture.
- State the main truth you want your audience to understand.

Example:

"Have you ever felt overwhelmed by life's challenges? Today, we'll see how trusting God's promises can give us peace in any storm."

Developing the Body: Main Points

The body is where you unpack the main message. For short outlines, 2-3 key points are ideal to keep the message focused.

Tips for creating effective main points:

- Be Clear and Concise: Each point should communicate one clear idea.
- Support with Scripture: Use one or two verses per point for biblical grounding.
- Use Illustrations: Short stories or examples reinforce the points.
- Apply Immediately: End each point with a practical application.

Sample structure for three points:

Main Point 1: Trust in God's Promises

Supporting Scripture: Isaiah 41:10

Application: Encourage reliance on God's Word during trials.

Main Point 2: Pray Continually

Supporting Scripture: 1 Thessalonians 5:17

Application: Emphasize the power of persistent prayer.

Main Point 3: Walk in Faith, Not Fear

Supporting Scripture: 2 Timothy 1:7

Application: Challenge believers to face fears with courage rooted in faith.

Crafting the Conclusion

The conclusion should reinforce the main message and motivate response.

Elements to include:

- Recap Main Points: Summarize briefly.
- Challenge or Invitation: Call to action, such as trusting God or making a decision.
- Closing Prayer or Blessing: End with spiritual encouragement.

Sample conclusion:

"Remember, no matter what storm you're facing, God's promises are sure. Trust, pray, and walk in faith?He is with you every step. Let?s commit anew to living in His peace today."

Practical Tips for Creating Short Sermon Outlines

- Start with Scripture: Let the Holy Spirit guide your selection of key verses.
- Keep it Simple: Focus on one main idea per outline.
- Use Bullet Points: For clarity and quick reference.
- Incorporate Stories or Analogies: To make points memorable.
- Practice Delivery: Even short sermons benefit from rehearsal.
- Leave Room for Flexibility: Be adaptable based on the audience and setting.
- Include a Personal Touch: Share a brief personal testimony related to the message.

Sample Short Sermon Outline

Title: Finding Peace in Jesus

Introduction:

- Have you ever felt anxious or overwhelmed?
- Today, discover how Jesus offers us peace beyond understanding.

Main Point 1: Jesus Promises Peace

- Scripture: John 14:27
- Application: Trust in Christ's peace during troubled times.

Main Point 2: Peace Comes Through Prayer

- Scripture: Philippians 4:6-7
- Application: Bring worries to God in prayer to experience His calm.

Main Point 3: Living in Peace Requires Faith

- Scripture: Colossians 3:15
- Application: Choose to let peace rule in your heart daily.

Conclusion:

- Reaffirm the importance of trusting Jesus for peace.
- Encourage a moment of prayer or commitment to rely on His promises.

Final Thoughts

Short sermon outlines are powerful tools that enable believers to communicate God's truth succinctly and effectively. They are especially useful when time is limited, but the need for spiritual nourishment remains urgent. By focusing on clarity, biblical support, and practical application, you can craft impactful messages that inspire faith and motivate action. Remember, the goal of any sermon—short or long—is to point people to Jesus Christ and His transforming power. With intentional preparation and reliance on the Holy Spirit, your short sermons can leave a lasting impression and foster spiritual growth in your congregation.

Question What are short sermon outlines and why are they useful? Short sermon outlines are concise frameworks that organize key points of a sermon, making it easier for preachers to deliver clear and focused messages. They are useful for quick preparation, maintaining clarity, and ensuring the main message is communicated effectively. **Answer** How can I create an effective short sermon

outline? To create an effective short sermon outline, identify the main scripture or theme, determine 2-3 key points, include supporting scriptures or illustrations, and conclude with a clear call to action. Keep it simple and focused for easy delivery. What are some popular topics for short sermon outlines? Popular topics include God's love, faith and trust, forgiveness, prayer, salvation, Christian hope, obedience, and the Holy Spirit. These themes are relevant and resonate with many congregations. Can short sermon outlines be used for Bible study groups? Yes, short sermon outlines are excellent for Bible study groups as they provide a clear structure for discussion, help participants understand key messages quickly, and facilitate focused conversations on specific scriptures or themes. Are there any online resources for ready-to-use short sermon outlines? Yes, many websites and Christian ministries offer downloadable and printable short sermon outlines, including platforms like Sermon Central, Preaching.com, and Christian resource blogs, which provide various topics and formats. How can I adapt a short sermon outline for different audiences? Adjust the language, examples, and illustrations to suit your audience's age, cultural background, and spiritual maturity. Keep the core message consistent but tailor the delivery to ensure relevance and engagement. What are the benefits of using short sermon outlines in sermons? Short sermon outlines help maintain focus, reduce preparation time, improve clarity in delivery, and ensure the main message is effectively communicated. They also aid in memorization and confidence during preaching. Can short sermon outlines be expanded into full-length sermons? Yes, short sermon outlines serve as a foundation that can be expanded with additional illustrations, stories, and explanations to create a more comprehensive sermon if needed. They are flexible tools for various sermon lengths and styles.

Related keywords: sermon ideas, sermon structure, biblical outlines, preaching tips, church sermons, sermon planning, Bible study outlines, sermon themes, preaching outlines, biblical teaching

oracle fnd documents short text

oracle fnd documents short text is a commonly searched term by Oracle E-Business Suite (EBS) users and administrators seeking concise information about FND (Foundation) documents within the Oracle environment. Understanding how to efficiently access, interpret, and manage these short texts is crucial for maintaining seamless application functionality, troubleshooting issues, and ensuring effective communication across modules. This article provides an in-depth exploration of Oracle FND documents short text, covering its purpose, structure, usage, and best practices for managing these essential components.

Understanding Oracle FND Documents Short Text

What Are FND Documents?

In Oracle E-Business Suite, FND (Foundation) documents are standardized pieces of data used across various modules to support configuration, messaging, and processing. These documents often contain essential information such as error messages, labels, descriptions, and short texts that facilitate user interaction and system operations.

The Role of Short Texts in FND Documents

The short text within FND documents serves as a concise, easily understandable snippet of information that summarizes or labels a particular message or data element. This short text is typically used in user interfaces, notifications, and logs to quickly convey the essence of the message without overwhelming users with lengthy descriptions.

Key purposes of FND document short texts include:

- Providing quick, readable labels for form fields or options.
- Summarizing error or informational messages.
- Facilitating localization by enabling easy translation of concise texts.
- Enhancing user experience by reducing clutter and improving clarity.

Structure and Components of FND Documents Short Texts

Basic Structure of FND Documents

FND documents are stored within Oracle EBS's database tables, primarily in the `FND\_DOCUMENTS` and `FND\_DOCUMENTS\_TL` tables. These tables contain core information and translations, respectively.

Key tables involved:

- `FND\_DOCUMENTS`: Stores document identifiers, types, and core attributes.
- `FND\_DOCUMENTS\_TL`: Stores translated or localized text for different languages.

Components of Short Texts

A typical FND document short text consists of:

- Document Name/ID: Unique identifier for the document.
- Language Code: Specifies the language for the short text.
- Short Text Content: The concise message or label.
- Description: Additional details, often optional.
- Effective Dates: Validity period of the short text.

Example:

Column Name	Description
-----	-----
DOCUMENT_NAME	Unique identifier like 'ERR_INV001'
LANGUAGE_CODE	'US' for English (United States)
SHORT_TEXT	'Invalid input'
DESCRIPTION	'Error message for invalid user input'
START_DATE	Date from which the text is valid
END_DATE	Date until the text is valid

Usage of FND Document Short Texts in Oracle EBS

Application in User Interface

Short texts are used extensively in forms, menus, and notifications to:

- Display labels for fields.
- Show error messages or warnings.
- Present status updates or informational messages.

Example: When a user enters invalid data, the system may display a short text like "Input error" to communicate the issue promptly.

Application in Messaging and Logging

Short texts facilitate quick identification of messages in system logs, aiding in troubleshooting and

auditing.

Localization and Multilingual Support

Because short texts are stored with language codes, they support localization efforts, enabling the interface and messages to adapt to users' language preferences.

Managing FND Documents Short Texts

Creating and Updating Short Texts

To create or modify short texts, administrators typically:

- Use Oracle Applications Developer or similar tools.
- Access the `FND\_DOCUMENTS\_TL` table directly via SQL for advanced management.
- Use the Oracle EBS System Administrator responsibilities to manage translations and texts.

Steps to create a new short text:

- Define a unique document name or ID.
- Specify the language code.
- Enter the concise message in the `SHORT\_TEXT` field.
- Set the effective date range.
- Save the record to make it available system-wide.

Best Practices for Managing Short Texts

- Consistency: Use standardized language and terminology across all texts.
- Clarity: Keep messages brief but informative.
- Localization: Ensure translations are accurate and contextually appropriate.
- Version Control: Track changes and maintain historical records for audit purposes.
- Validation: Regularly review short texts for relevance and correctness.

Common Tools and Techniques

- Application Developer: For creating and editing documents within the Oracle EBS interface.
- SQL Scripts: For bulk updates or extraction of short texts.

- FNDLOAD Utility: A command-line tool for exporting/importing document definitions, including short texts.
- Workflow and Notifications: Incorporate short texts into workflows for automated messaging.

Best Practices and Troubleshooting

Ensuring Data Integrity

- Regularly validate the consistency of short texts across different languages.
- Maintain proper date ranges to avoid displaying outdated messages.

Handling Missing or Incorrect Short Texts

- Verify if the document exists in `FND\_DOCUMENTS\_TL`.
- Check effective dates and language codes.
- Use SQL queries to identify missing translations, e.g.:

```
```sql
```

```
SELECT FROM FND_DOCUMENTS_TL
```

```
WHERE DOCUMENT_NAME = 'ERR_INV001'
```

```
AND LANGUAGE_CODE = 'US';
```

```
```
```

- Update or add missing entries as needed.

Performance Optimization

- Index the `FND\_DOCUMENTS\_TL` table on document name and language code.
- Clean up obsolete or unused texts periodically.

Conclusion

Oracle FND documents short text is a vital element in the Oracle E-Business Suite ecosystem,

contributing significantly to user interface clarity, system messaging, and localization efforts. Proper management of these short texts ensures a more efficient and user-friendly environment, reduces errors, and enhances overall system performance. Whether you're a system administrator, developer, or functional consultant, understanding the structure, usage, and management of FND document short texts is essential for maintaining a robust Oracle EBS deployment.

Key Takeaways:

- Short texts are concise messages stored within FND documents.
- They support localization, usability, and troubleshooting.
- Proper management involves creation, updates, validation, and periodic review.
- Tools like FNDLOAD and SQL scripts facilitate efficient handling.
- Best practices ensure consistency, clarity, and system integrity.

By mastering the concepts and techniques outlined in this article, Oracle EBS users and administrators can optimize the use and management of FND document short texts, leading to improved system performance and user satisfaction.

Oracle FND Documents Short Text: An In-Depth Review and Guide

Oracle E-Business Suite's Foundation (FND) module plays a pivotal role in managing core system functionalities, including security, user management, and configuration. Among its myriad features, the handling and management of FND documents short text is a critical aspect that often puzzles users and administrators alike. This comprehensive review aims to demystify what FND documents short text entails, its significance, management practices, common issues, and best practices to optimize its use within Oracle EBS.

Understanding Oracle FND Documents Short Text

What is FND Documents Short Text?

FND Documents Short Text is a concise, descriptive field used within Oracle E-Business Suite to provide brief, meaningful summaries or titles for various documents, records, or transactions stored within the FND schema. It acts as a quick reference or identifier, allowing users to easily recognize and differentiate documents without delving into detailed content.

Typically, this short text:

- Serves as a summary or caption for a document, record, or transaction.

- Is stored in the FND_DOCUMENTS table, primarily in the SHORT_TEXT column.
- Is used across multiple modules, especially in areas like approvals, notifications, and document management.

This field is designed to enhance usability by providing a human-readable, easily scannable label, which is essential in environments handling thousands of documents and records.

The Role and Significance of Short Text in Oracle FND

Why is Short Text Important?

The short text attribute plays several vital roles within the Oracle EBS environment:

- Quick Identification: It allows users to quickly identify the purpose or nature of a document without opening detailed records.
- Improved User Experience: Simplifies navigation and search processes, especially in approval workflows or when retrieving documents.
- Reporting & Auditing: Facilitates reporting by providing meaningful labels that can be used in queries, logs, and audit trails.
- Consistency & Standardization: Ensures that documents are labeled uniformly, aiding in compliance and process standardization.

Typical Use Cases

- Document Management: Short text labels for uploaded or generated documents such as invoices, receipts, or correspondence.
- Workflow Approvals: Brief descriptions of approval requests or notifications.
- Error & Exception Tracking: Short descriptions of issues or alerts generated within the system.
- Custom Records: User-defined documents or records created via custom modules or extensions.

Managing FND Documents Short Text

Creating and Updating Short Text

Managing the short text effectively involves understanding where and how to set or modify this attribute:

- During Document Creation: When new documents are uploaded or generated via forms, APIs, or custom code, the short text is usually provided as part of the creation process.
- Via API Calls: Developers can set or update the short text using specific APIs like `FND_DOCUMENTS_PUB.Create_Document``.
- Manual Updates: Administrators or power users can update the short text directly through SQL scripts or through custom interfaces, with caution.

Best Practices for Managing Short Text

- Use Clear and Concise Descriptions: The short text should be meaningful yet brief, ideally not exceeding 50 characters.
- Maintain Consistency: Follow naming conventions or labeling standards across the organization.
- Update Regularly: When document content or context changes, update the short text to reflect the current status or description.
- Automate When Possible: Use APIs or scripts to populate short text fields during batch processing or integrations, reducing manual errors.

Common Methods to Handle Short Text

- Using SQL: Direct updates via SQL scripts (not recommended unless necessary and with proper backups).
- Using API: Preferred method for creating or updating documents programmatically.
- Using Forms: Oracle EBS forms or custom interfaces designed for document management.

Technical Aspects and Table Structures

FND_DOCUMENTS Table Overview

The core table where document-related data, including short text, is stored is FND_DOCUMENTS. Key columns include:

- DOCUMENT_ID: Unique identifier for each document.
- SHORT_TEXT: The brief description or title of the document.
- FILE_NAME: Name of the uploaded or stored file.
- DOCUMENT_TYPE: Type/category of the document.
- CREATION_DATE: When the document was created.
- LAST_UPDATE_DATE: Last modification timestamp.

Data Integrity and Constraints

- The SHORT_TEXT is typically constrained to a specific length (often 50 characters), ensuring standardization.
- Proper indexing on DOCUMENT_ID facilitates quick retrieval.
- Referential integrity is maintained via foreign keys to other tables like FND_DOCUMENTS_TL for multilingual support.

Challenges and Common Issues with FND Documents Short Text

1. Inconsistent or Vague Short Texts

- Caused by manual entry errors or lack of standards.
- Leads to difficulty in document identification and retrieval.

2. Length Limitations

- The character limit may restrict descriptive detail.
- Users may resort to abbreviations that can be ambiguous.

3. Multilingual Support Concerns

- When supporting multiple languages, short text must be maintained across translations.
- FND's multilingual tables (e.g., FND_DOCUMENTS_TL) are used, which require careful synchronization.

4. Performance Impact

- Excessively long or numerous short texts can affect query performance, especially in large environments.

5. Synchronization and Data Consistency

- Ensuring that short text updates are reflected across all relevant modules and reports.

Best Practices for Optimizing FND Documents Short Text

1. Standardization

- Develop organizational standards for naming conventions.
- Use templates or predefined phrases to ensure uniformity.

2. Validation

- Implement validation routines to prevent overly long or vague descriptions.
- Use check constraints or application-level validations.

3. Automation

- Leverage APIs for consistent and error-free updates.
- Automate batch updates for large document sets.

4. Multilingual Management

- Maintain translations in FND_DOCUMENTS_TL.
- Use consistent terminology across languages.

5. Regular Audits

- Periodically review documents' short texts for accuracy and relevance.
- Remove or archive outdated descriptions.

Integrating Short Text with Other Oracle EBS Components

Workflow and Approvals

- Short text is often displayed in approval notifications, dashboards, and worklists.
- Proper labeling improves decision-making efficiency.

Reporting and Analytics

- Short text fields are included in reports for summaries and summaries.
- They enable quick filtering and categorization.

Custom Development

- Developers should ensure that custom modules or integrations correctly handle the SHORT_TEXT attribute.
- When creating custom documents or records, always populate the short text for clarity.

Conclusion and Final Thoughts

The FND documents short text field, though seemingly simple, is a fundamental component of Oracle E-Business Suite's document management and communication ecosystem. Its proper management ensures that users can efficiently identify, search, and utilize documents, ultimately contributing to smoother workflows, better compliance, and more effective data management.

To leverage its full potential:

- Emphasize standardization and clarity.
- Use robust APIs and automation tools.
- Maintain multilingual consistency.
- Regularly audit and update descriptions.

By doing so, organizations can significantly enhance their operational efficiency and data clarity within Oracle EBS, avoiding common pitfalls and maximizing the value derived from their document management practices.

In essence, mastering the management of FND documents short text is crucial for administrators, developers, and end-users aiming for a streamlined, consistent, and effective Oracle E-Business Suite environment.

QuestionAnswer What are Oracle FND documents short text used for? Oracle FND documents short text are used to provide concise descriptions or summaries of various components, such as profiles, messages, or setup instructions within the Oracle E-Business Suite, facilitating quick understanding and reference. How can I modify the short text for an Oracle FND document? You can modify the short text by accessing the relevant form or table within Oracle Applications, such as the System Profiles or Messages window, and updating the description or text fields accordingly. Where are Oracle FND documents short texts stored? Short texts for Oracle FND documents are stored within the database tables associated with the specific modules, such as FND_DEFINITION

or FND_MESSAGES, allowing for easy retrieval and management. Can I customize the short text in Oracle FND documents for different environments? Yes, customization is possible by updating the short texts in the database or through the Application Developer tools, enabling environment-specific descriptions or instructions as needed. Are there best practices for managing Oracle FND document short texts? Best practices include maintaining consistency in terminology, documenting changes properly, and ensuring that short texts are clear, concise, and accurately reflect the purpose of the documents to improve user understanding.

Related keywords: oracle fnd documents, oracle fnd guide, oracle fnd user manual, oracle fnd documentation, oracle fnd help, oracle fnd reference, oracle fnd tutorials, oracle fnd setup, oracle fnd administration, oracle fnd support

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